LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims is provided for the Examiner's convenience, as no claim has been amended, canceled or added by way of the present response.

1. (Original) A signal separation method, comprising:

detecting a composite electrical signal at a subcutaneous non-intrathoracic location, the composite electrical signal associated with a plurality of sources;

receiving information associated with a non-electrophysiological cardiac source; separating a signal from the composite electrical signal; and identifying the separated signal as a cardiac signal using the separated signal and the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window defined by a start time and a stop time determined using the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising detecting a QRS complex within the detection window.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises acoustic emission information.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises a temporal location of a peak heart-sound.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window defined by a start time preceding the temporal location of a peak heart-sound.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises blood-flow information.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises pulse pressure information.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises pulse oximetry information.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the non-electrophysiological cardiac source information comprises transthoracic impedance information.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the separated signal as the cardiac signal comprises providing a detection window within which the cardiac signal is correlated to a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining a time separation between a peak of the separated signal and a peak of a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the time separation is used to identify a cardiac signal.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the signal is separated from the composite electrical signal using blind source separation.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the blind source separation comprises an independent component analysis performed on the composite electrical signal.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac condition using the separated signal.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac condition using the separated signal by performing a correlation between the separated signal and a signal associated with the non-electrophysiological cardiac source.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting a cardiac arrhythmia using the cardiac signal.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, further comprising treating the cardiac arrhythmia.
- 20-29. (Canceled)
- 30. (Original) An implantable device, comprising:

means for subcutaneously detecting a composite electrical signal associated with a plurality of signal sources;

means for subcutaneously detecting non-electrical cardiac activity;
means for separating a signal from the composite electrical signal; and
means for determining whether or not the separated signal is a cardiac electrical
signal using the detected non-electrical cardiac activity.

- 31. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the determining means comprises means for performing a time correlation between the separated signal and a signal associated with the detected non-electrical cardiac activity.
- 32. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the determining means comprises means for evaluating the separated signal within a detection window.

- 33. (Original) The device of claim 32, further comprising means for determining a start time to initiate the detection window.
- 34. (Original) The device of claim 30, further comprising means for detecting an arrhythmia using the cardiac electrical signal.
- 35. (Original) The device of claim 34, further comprising means for treating the arrhythmia.
- 36. (Original) The device of claim 30, further comprising means for discriminating cardiac rhythms.
- 37-48. (Canceled)